

Abstract

20 3. A method of manufacturing a glass substrate for
information recording media as claimed in claim 1,
wherein a treatment temperature of the heat treatment is
not more than $T^{\circ}\text{C}$, wherein T represents an annealing
temperature corresponding to a strain-removing point of
25 the glass substrate. *claim 1*

4. ¹ A method of manufacturing a glass substrate for information recording media as claimed in any one of claims 1 through 3, wherein the heating is performed in a vacuum.

30 5. A method of manufacturing a glass substrate for
information recording media as claimed in claim 4,
wherein the liquid is a molten salt, and the heat
treatment includes chemical strengthening treatment
wherein some ions of chemical components constituting the
35 glass substrate are replaced with ions contained in the

6. A method of manufacturing a glass substrate for
5 information recording media as claimed in claim 1,
wherein the acidic aqueous solution contains at least one
acid selected from the group consisting of hydrofluoric
acid, silicofluoric acid, sulfuric acid, hydrochloric
acid, nitric acid, sulfamic acid and phosphoric acid.

15 surfactants and chelating agents.

8. ^a A glass substrate for information recording media manufactured by a method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3 and claims 6 and 7.